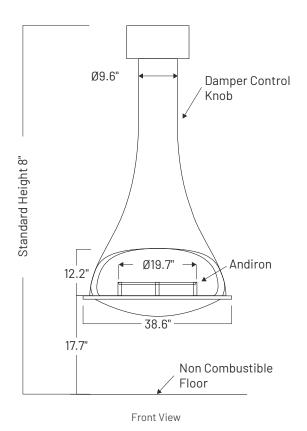
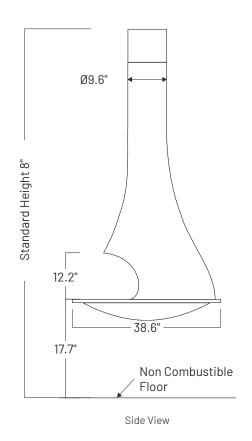


# JC BORDELET BY AMBIANCE®

# Model: Tatiana Central Specifications





BTU		LOGS		VENTING		
Wood or Ecological Logs	EPA	Wood Logs	Ecological Logs	Туре	ype <mark>Diameter</mark> Brands	
Max. 55 000	EPA Exempt	Max 22"L, 24 lbs	Max 21lbs, ≈ 7 logs	Class A	10"	Selkirk, Security Chimney, ICC RIS, DuraVent

DIMENSIONS			DISTANCE TO COMBUSTIBLES			
Width / Depth	Height	Opening	All Around	Floor Protection	Min. distance from floor	
38.625"	72.64"	31.5625" W X 12.2" H	48", 27" Sides-Back (Fixed Version)	78.594" Diameter X 0.375" Thick	12.2" H	

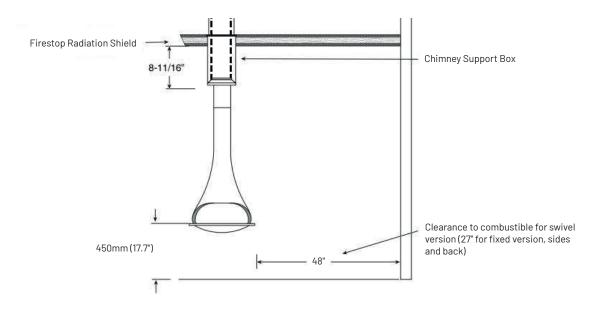






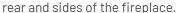


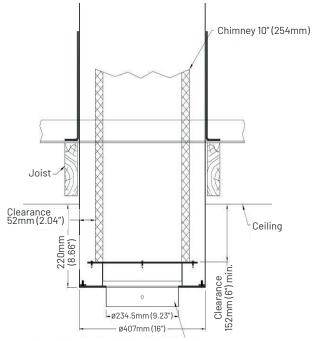
#### Distance to combustibles



Warning: For centrally-located fireplaces, a minimum clearance to combustibles of 1.2m (48") must be maintained 360° around the fireplace. For single wall smoke pipe, a minimum clearance to combustibles of 45cm (18") must be maintained and, when connected to the Bordelet Load Bearing Support, a minimum 220mm (8 -11/16") clearance from the top of the smoke pipe flange to the ceiling must be maintained, especially with slanted ceilings. Please adjust the height of the Bordelet Load Bearing Support accordingly.

In the case of a Tatiana fixed (without pivot rotation system  $360^{\circ}$ ), the minimum clearance to combustible is  $70 \text{ cm} (27^{\circ})$  at the





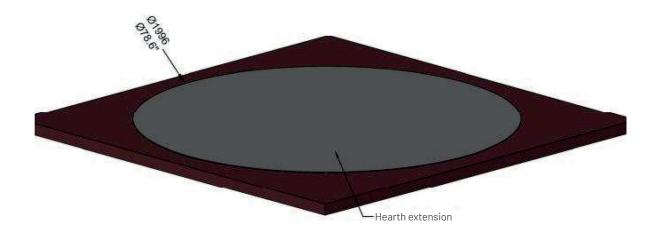
Bordelet - Load Bearing Support





#### Installation of hearth extension

- 1. Remove all combustible floor coverings, e.g. carpeting, linoleum, etc., from the area under where the fireplace is to be suspended.
- 2. Centered on the planned location of the fireplace, install, flush with the finished floor, a round hearth extension of a minimum diameter of 1.996m (78 19/32") and at least 9.5 mm (3/8") thick (backed by a sheet metal plate if over a combustible structure) and made of approved noncombustible material such as ceramic tiles, stone, masonry or concrete, flush with the floor. This conforms to applicable standards and is permitted since the bottom of the firebox opening is raised at least 203 mm (8") above the top of the hearth extension.

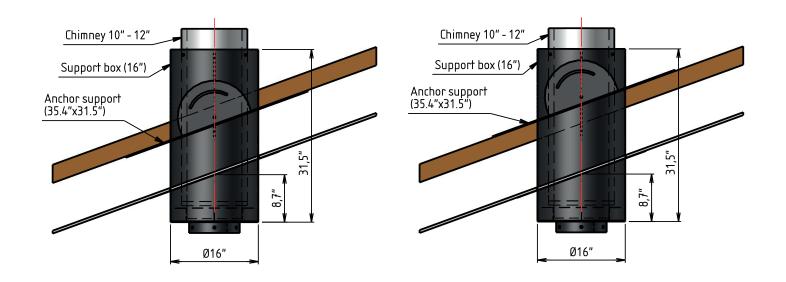




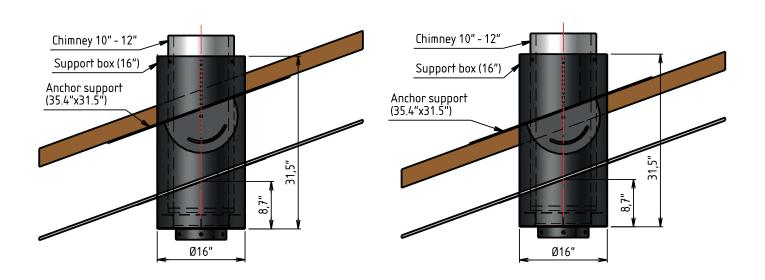


### **Chimney Support Plate Installation**

#### **Chimney Support Plate Position Up**



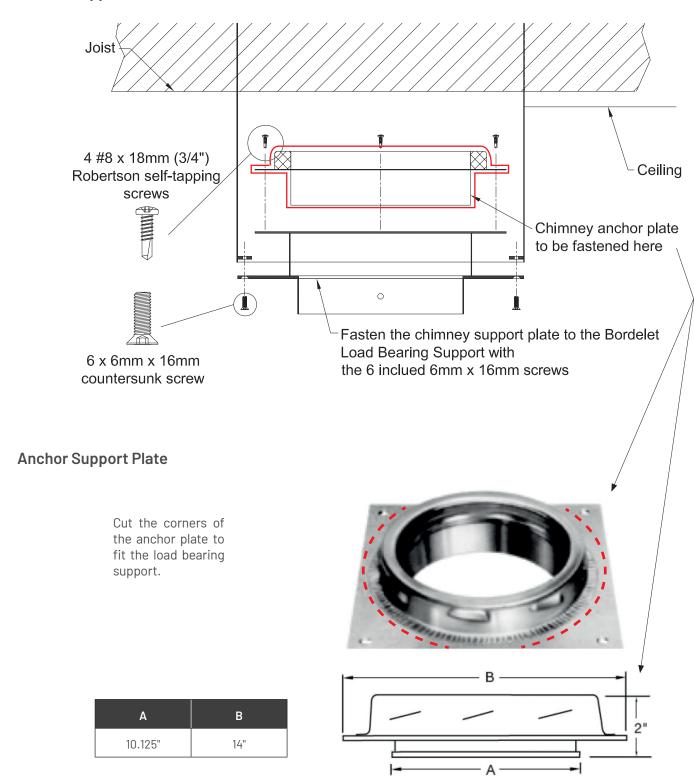
### **Chimney Support Plate Position Down**







### **Anchor Support Plate Installation**

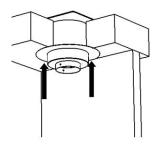






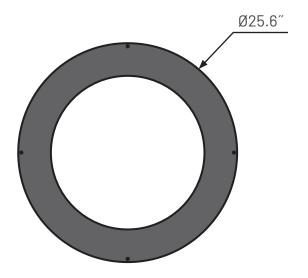
### **Ceiling Cover Plate**

Install the ceiling cover plate around the Load Bearing Support.



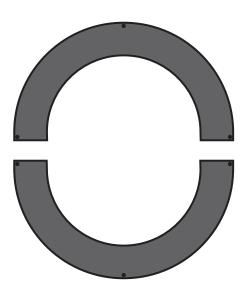
The Ceiling Cover Plate will give the chimney a nice finished look. It covers the gap between the round support and the ceiling.  $\sim$ 7.5" around support box. If the ceiling is at a 90° angle with the chimney, or has a pitch of less than 5°, use the **one piece cover plate**. If it has a greater pitch, chose one of the **2-piece cover plate** versions (see below).

### 1-piece Ceiling Cover Plate



PCP-0/5 Ceiling Cover Plate - Fla	at to < 5° Slope
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### 2-piece Ceiling Cover Plate



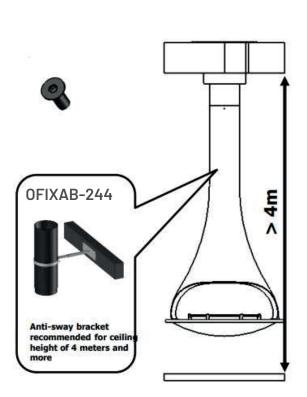
PCP-5/20	Ceiling Cover Plate - Low Pitch - 5° to 20° Slope
PCP-20/30	Ceiling Cover Plate - Medium Pitch - 20° to 30° Slope
PCP-30/40	Ceiling Cover Plate - High Pitch - 30° to 40° Slope
PCP-40/50	Ceiling Cover Plate - V. High Pitch - 40° to 50° Slope





#### Installation of Anti-Sway Bracket

Caution: if the central fireplace and smoke pipe Installation reach a height of 4m (13') from floor to ceiling, then an anti-sway bracket is strongly recommended, ideally at about 1.83m (6') to 2.13m (7') to stabilize the installation and prevent oscillations which might, in the long run, loosen fasteners and lead to leaks and failure of the smoke pipe and load bearing support.



OFIXABC-244

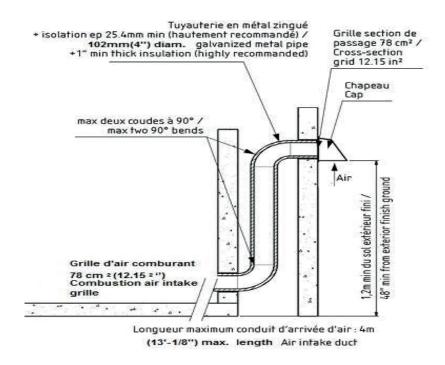






Outside Combustion Air Intake That Goes Into the Room.

#### Combustion Air Intake (Option)



As the fire burns, air is needed to support combustion and the products of combustion go up the chimney. If there is an insufficient replenishment of combustion air through leakage into the house, the fireplace will start to smoke. To temporarily create a combustion air supply, open a window nearby, if this eliminates the smoke, the house is under negative pressure. This can be corrected by installing an Outside Combustion Air intake. Call a contractor to install an Outside Combustion Air intake of 100 mm (4") in diam. with a maximum length of 4 m (13'-1/8"). If a longer length is needed, go to a 155 mm (6") pipe up to max. length of 6 m (20'). Install the combustion air intake high enough off the ground so that it will not become blocked by snow. In snowy climates, the air intake hood should be located 30 cm (12") above the maximum snow level for that climate or a minimum 1.2 m (48") above ground level and be sheltered from high winds. Place the exit of the combustion air intake in the room where the fireplace is installed or in an adjacent connecting room as per ANSI Z 223.1/NFPA 54.

Caution: the Outside Combustion Air intake must not come from an attic, garage, carport, basement, the chimney's enclosure or be less than 3m (10') from a gas meter, a fuel/propane tank or any other device that may emit fumes or gases, such as the exhaust of a motor vehicle.